

Using predictive analytics and computer simulation to improve the performance of healthcare infrastructure



Mr Ian Gibson

Founder Health Care Delivery Modelling Australia

Healthcare Delivery Modelling



Mr Peter Bodon

Principal Bodon Analytics Australia



bodon analytics

MOH HOLDINGS



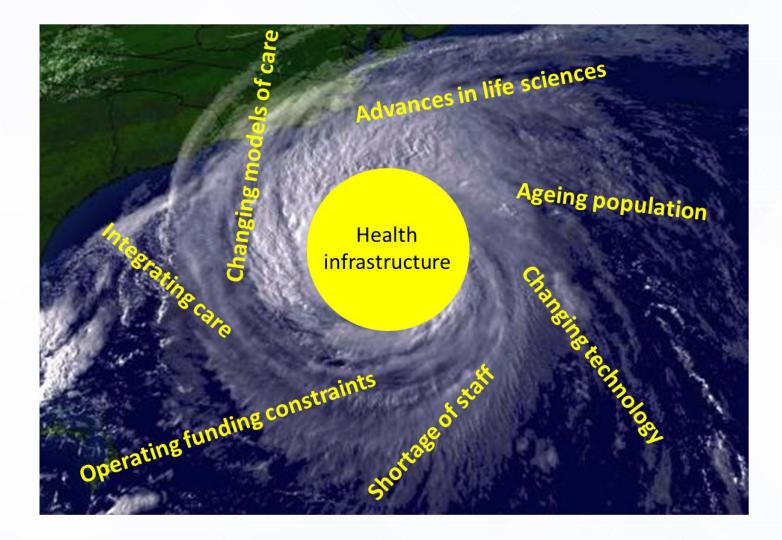
Mr David Morgareidge

Predictive Analytics Director Page Southerland Page, Inc. United States













The challenge

• When opening this conference in 2016 the Minister noted:

"... we actively look for innovative ideas to optimise design, workflows and improve productivity in our healthcare infrastructure development" Strategies the Minister note include:

- Improve productivity through care redesign, technology and workforce transformation
- The innovation with the greatest impact will be in new care models that better integrate care according to the patient's needs.
- We also need to push for practical technology use that can be scaled across the whole system and achieve significant manpower effectiveness.
- We can also innovate by re-imagining and redefining the practice of healthcare workers, and patients and their caregivers, so that we can achieve better healthcare outcomes more effectively, together





Overview

- Introduction to Predictive Analytics and Computer Simulation (PaCs)
- Contextualise the approach with Big Data
- Describe study techniques.
- US experience of using PaCs for healthcare infrastructure





Confusing simulation and computer simulation

Computer simulation is not training clinicians with manikin, that is using Simulators.

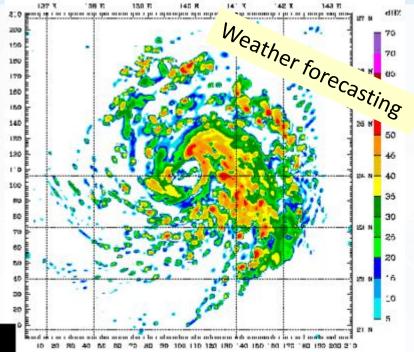


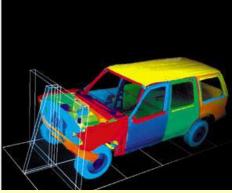


Computer simulation

Computer simulation uses mathematics and logic to construct virtual models of real systems.

The models enable understanding of the system and experiments to develop optimised systems.





Car crash performance



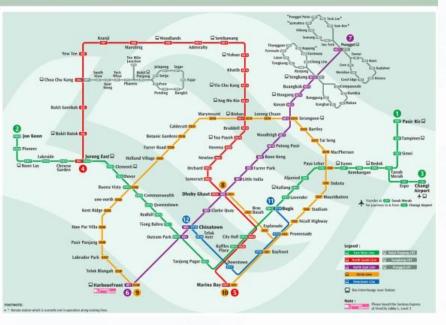


Abstraction

Basis of computer simulation.

Choosing the level of abstraction is critical

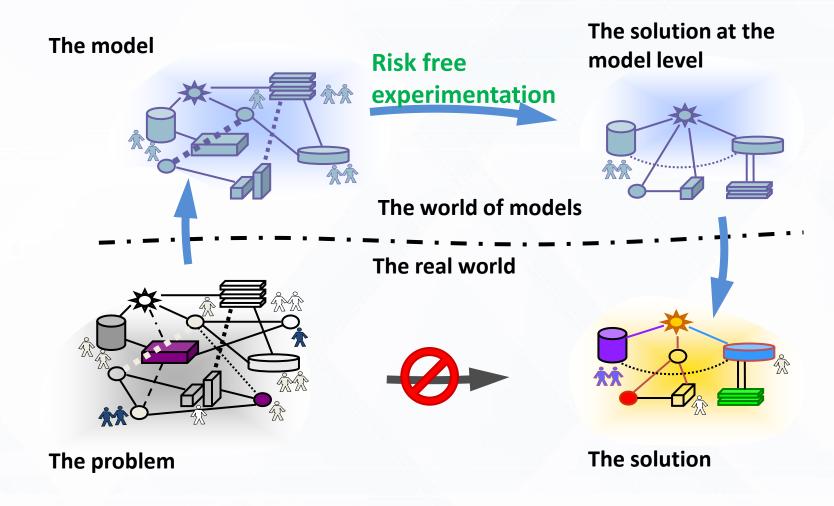
MRT & LRT System map







Computer simulation – experiment in a risk free space













Box Hill Hospital Emergency Department Model

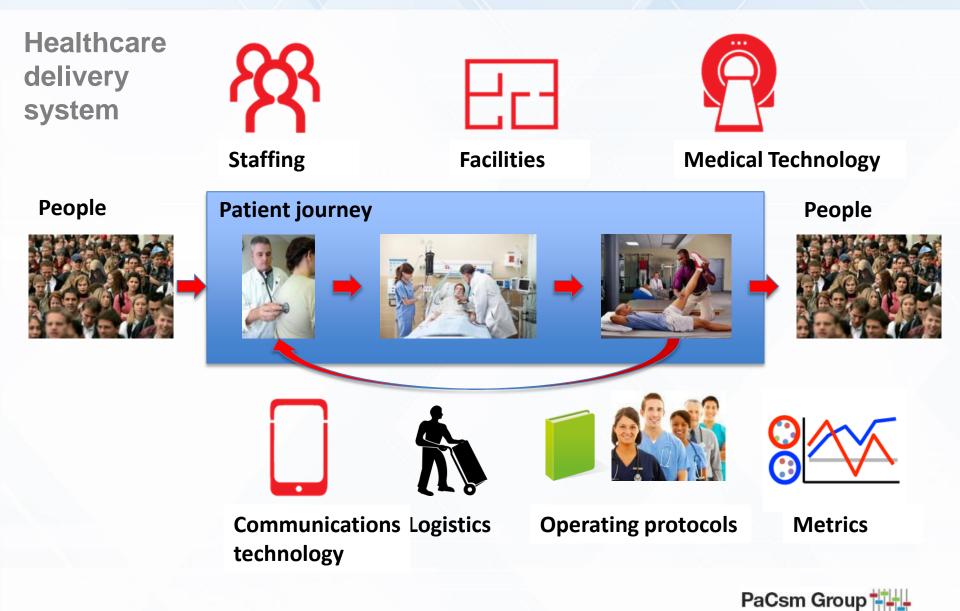
- \$448 Million redevelopment of a major Australian metropolitan hospital.
- Scope
 - Emergency 50 patient spaces
 - Inpatient 621 beds



• Study to pressure test the proposed emergency department design.







Patient demand

People



- Annual throughput
- Arrival patterns
- Clinical requirements





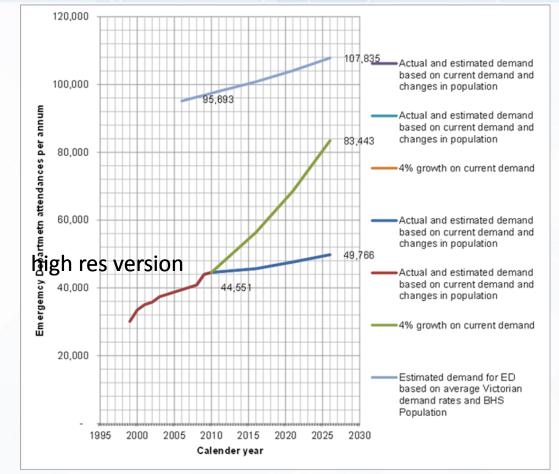
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Annual attendance

- Historic attendances and state wide data considered in estimating attendances 10 years after opening.
- Model uses 3 scenarios 47,000, 57,000 and 87,000 attendances per annum.



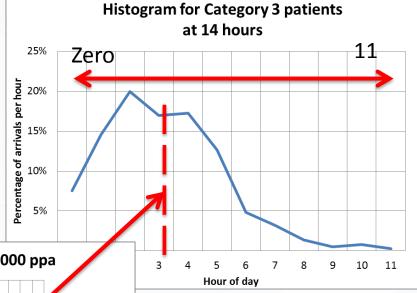


PaCsm Group



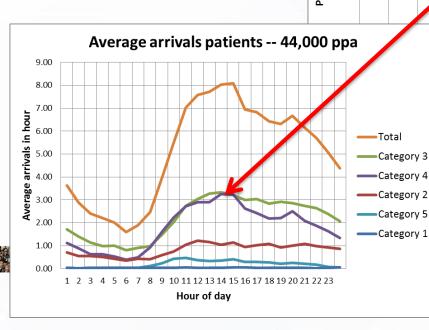
Arrival patterns

- Based on data from three previous years.
- Variation by day of week and hour of day considered.



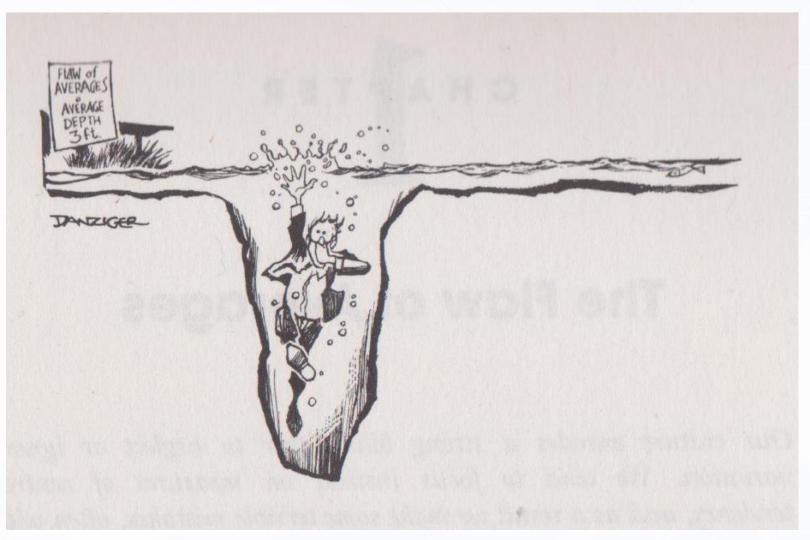
At 1400 average attendances 3 range 0 to 11 arrivals per hour











Source: The Flaw of Averages

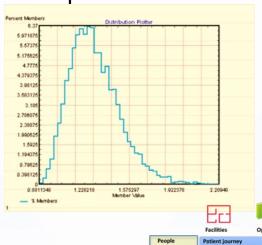




Patient clinical requirements

42 categories based on

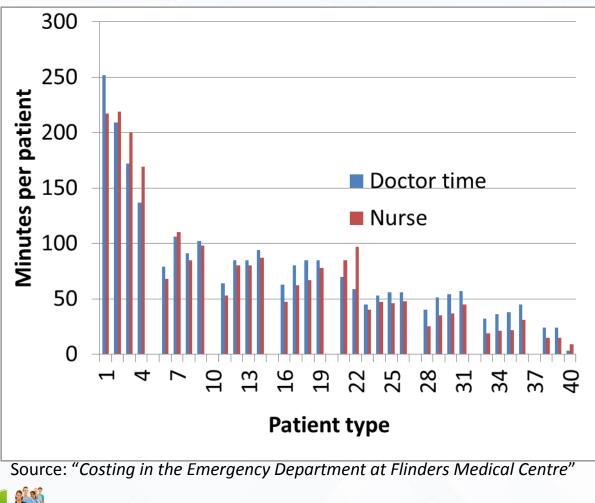
- Triage category,
- Age and
- Disposition of patients



Staffing

Logistics

Communication



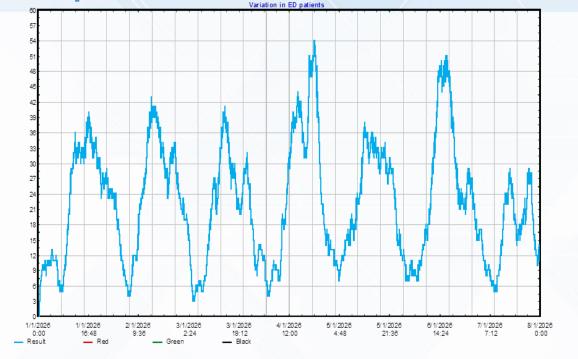


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Arrival patterns

42 categories based on

- Triage category,
- Age and
- Disposition of patients



	Arrival (min)	MUDAG 🚽	Urgency 🚽	lmage 🚽	Lab tests 🚽	Ambulance Car.
0	1/1/2026 0:00	3	1	2	1	Ambulance
1	1/1/2026 0:16:3	36	4	0	1	Car
2	1/1/2026 0:29:4	8	2	1	1	Ambulance
3	1/1/2026 0:32:0	34	4	0	1	Car
4	1/1/2026 0:38:2	11	3	1	1	Ambulance
5	1/1/2026 0:47:4	35	4	1	1	Car
6	1/1/2026 0:58:3	25	2	1	1	Ambulance
7	1/1/2026 2:42:0	34	4	1	0	Car
8	1/1/2026 3:27:2	28	3	0	0	Car
						-





Patient journey

Includes the activities involved in delivering care. Incorporates the clinical pathway, administrative and logistics involving the patient

People









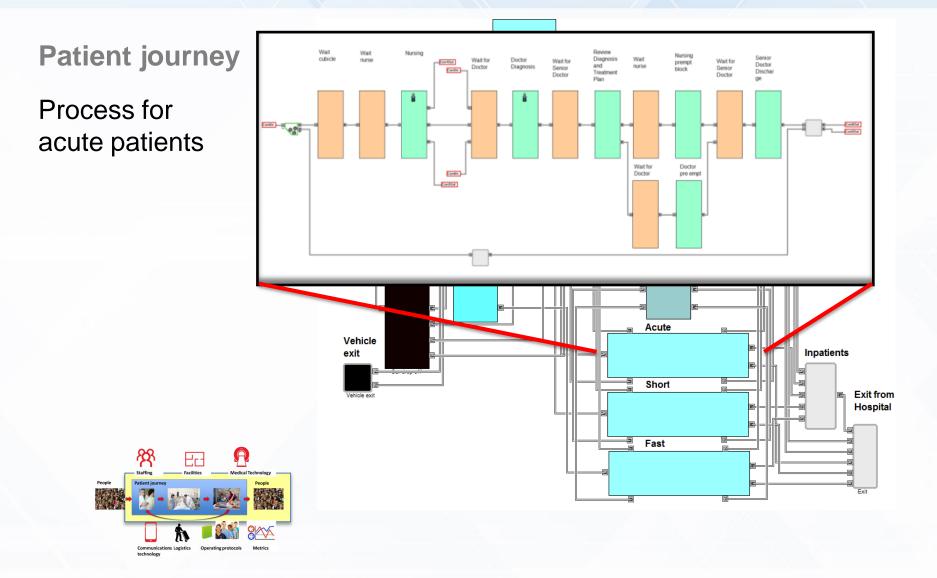
People







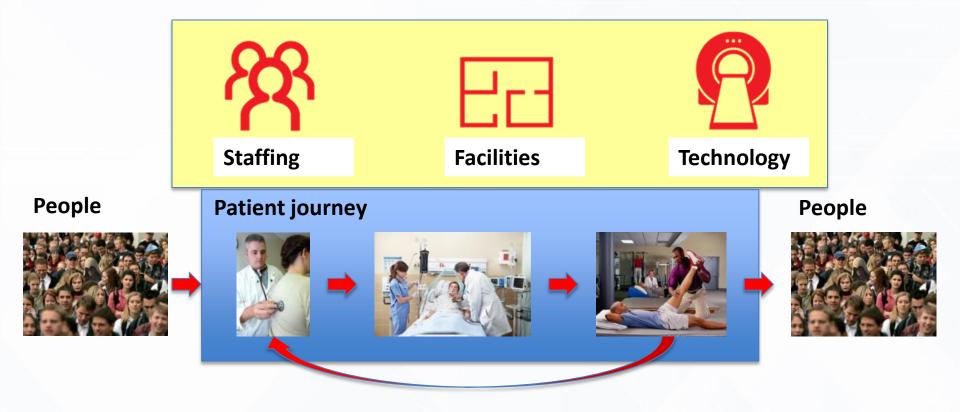
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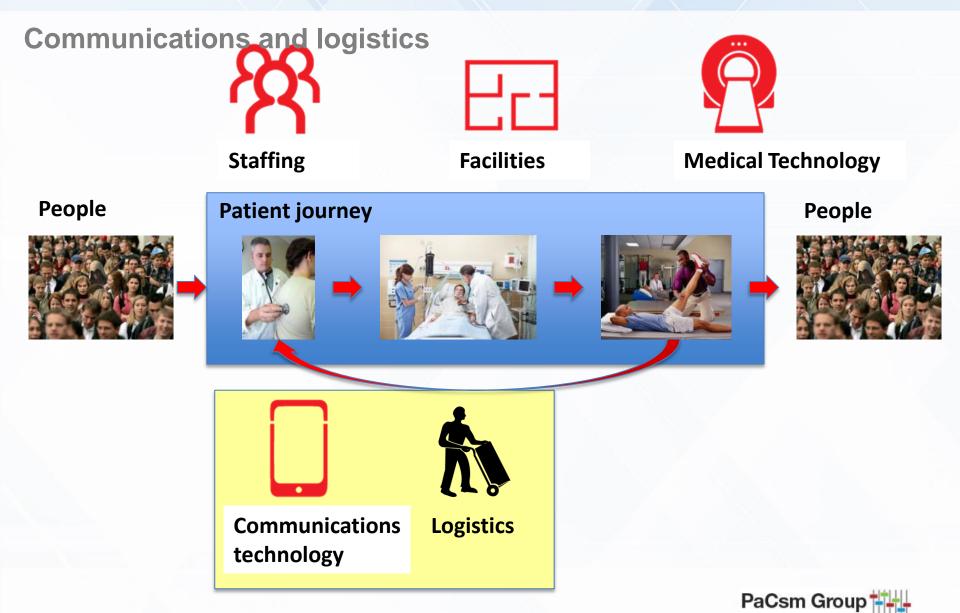


Resources

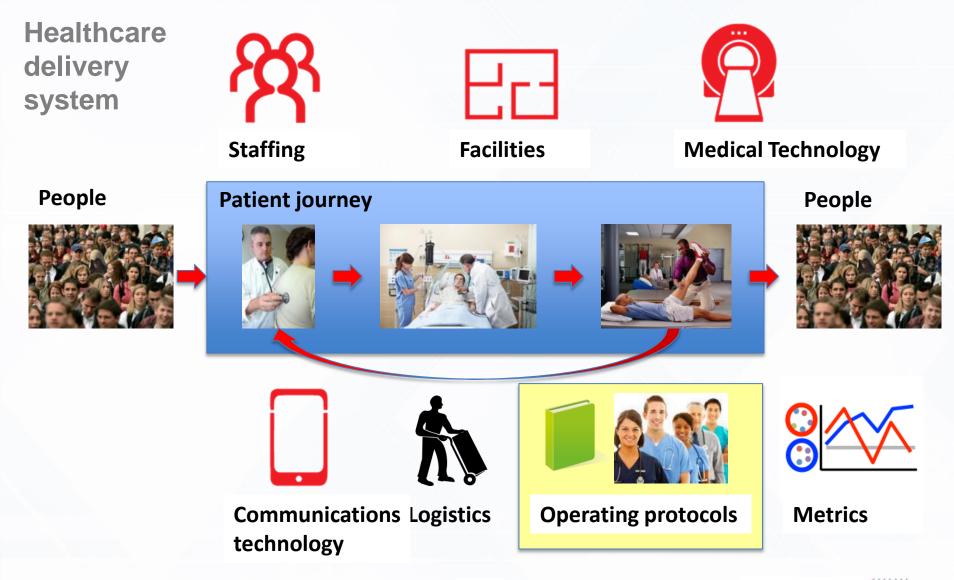






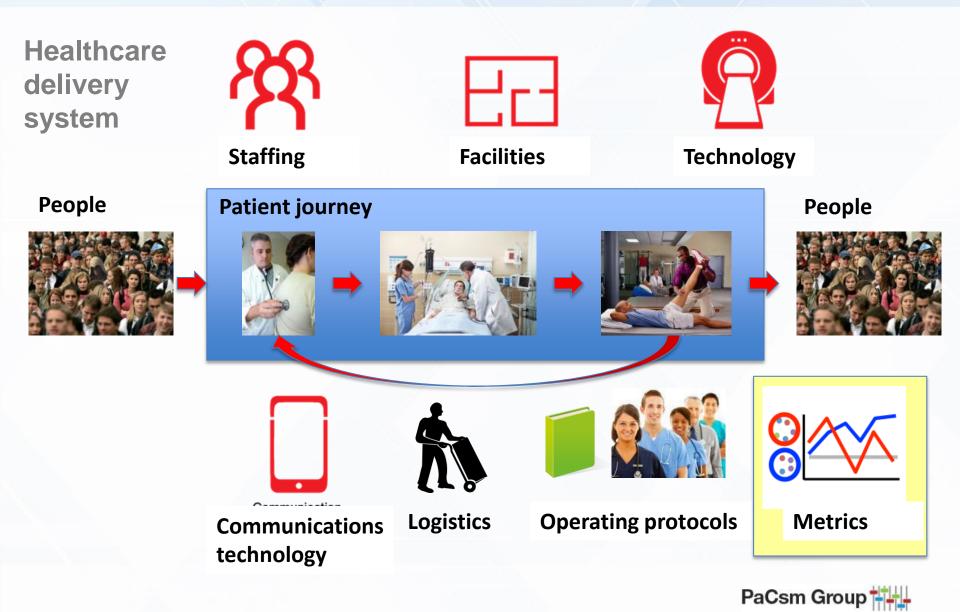






PaCsm Group

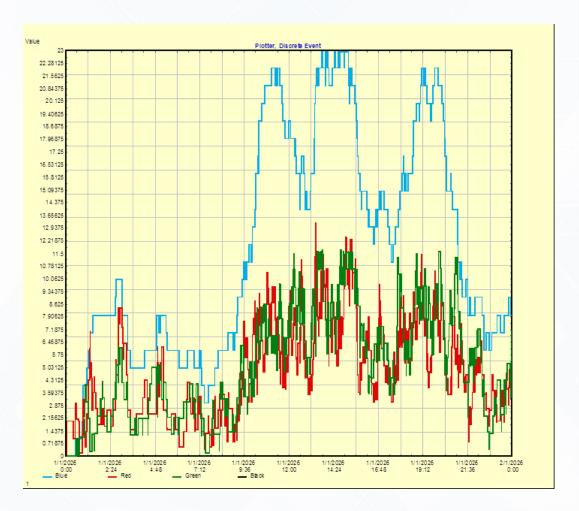




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Throughput

- Metrics can be data and graphs.
- Exportable to other programmes.







Overall performance

Performance compared to criteria

Time to Doctors examination								
Emergency	Number of		National	Target	Model			
department	attendances		standard -		estimate			
triage			desirable		of %			
categories			treatment		achieving			
			times		target			
			(Minutes)	%	_			
Resuscitation	418		Immediately	100	100			
Emergency	8412		10	80	96			
Urgent	21912		30	75	93			
Semi Urgent	23000		60		94			
Not Urgent	3607		120		98			
Total 57349								
Overall performance								
Percentage admitted or discharged within 4 hours 90								
Patients admitted to Short term and Inpatients 22974								
Patients Discharged from ED 34357								

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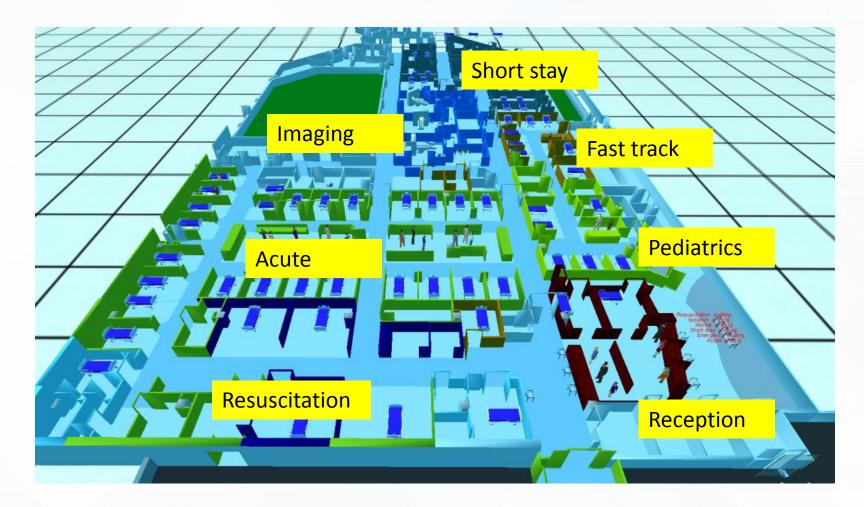


		Resourc	e Utilisatio	n		Morr	ning	Aftern	ioon	Nig	ght
 Resource utilisation By stream, resource and shift 					Overall Utilisation	No	Utilisation	No	Utilisation No	No	Utilisation
		Paediatrio 9962	Nurse	5	42 30 26	4 2 2	53 41 32 42	4 2 2	54 40 33 41	4 2 1 1	20 13 12 15
Resource Utilisation			Mor	ning	g Afte		ernoon		Night		
		Overall Utilisation	No	Utilisation	No	1 Hiliontion	CUIDAUDU	No		Utilisation	
Acute 16404	Cubicles Nurses Doctors	26 26 23	22 10 11	32 35 31	22 10 11	33 33 30	3	22 6 7		14 14 13	
	Senior Doctors % Disposed in 4 hrs. Margin/ Loss	29 75	3 79	36	4	6	1	1	73	17	
			% Disp	rs Doctors osed in 4 hrs n/ Loss	47 26 . 95				61 33	1 1 94	23

PaCsm Group

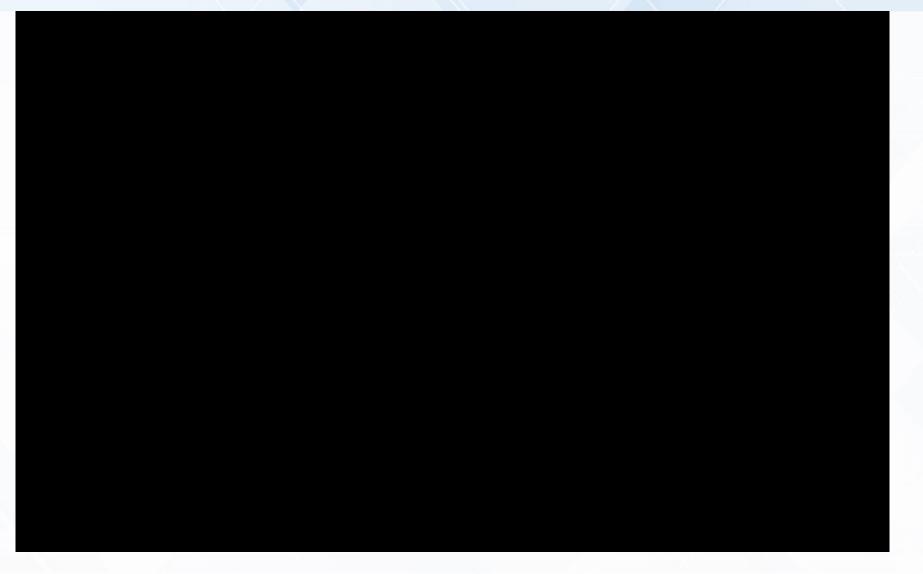


Animation













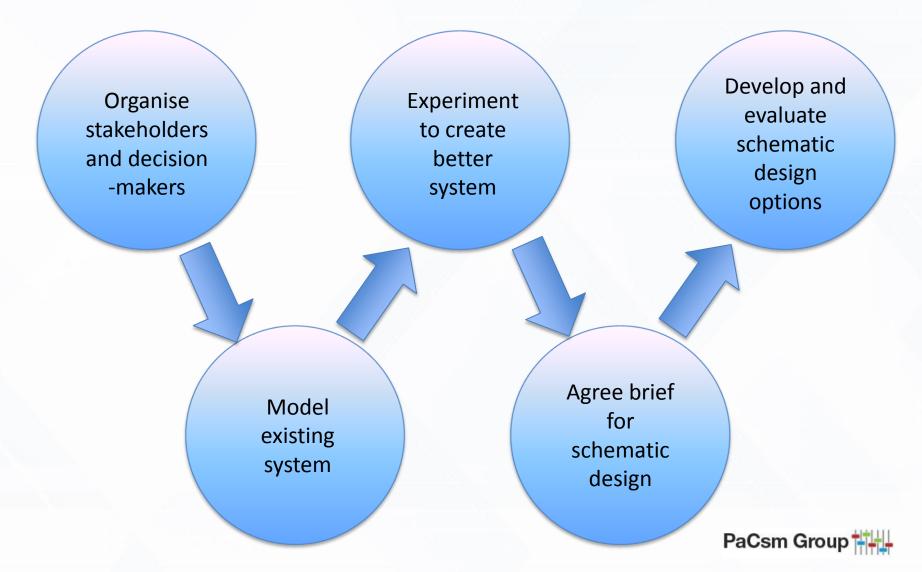
Conclusions from study- Pressure testing of design

- Significant delays in imaging with 48,000 ppa
- Ambulance unloading delays at 57,000 ppa
- At 87,000 ppa system under pressure
 - Delays in ambulance unloading
 - Utilisation over 90% for extended periods
- Possibility of using PaCsm in healthcare infrastructure design

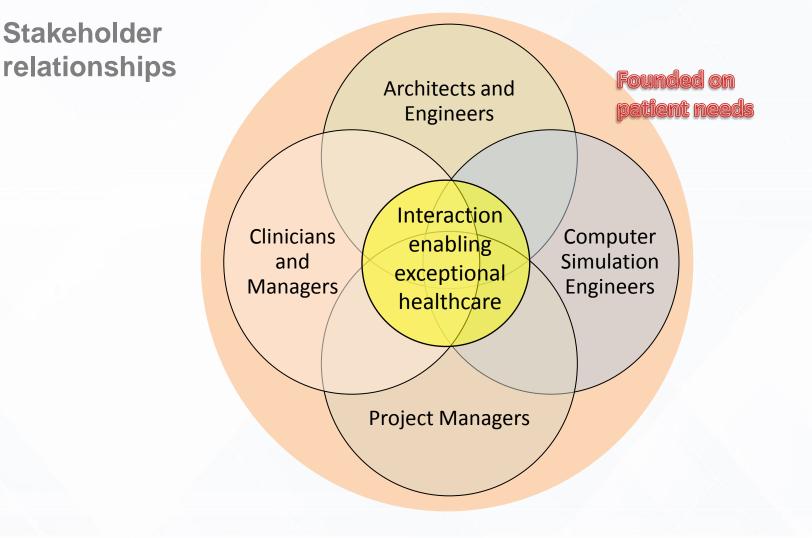




Planning brief and schematic design process











Benefits in project phases

Service Plan	Design	Document, Tender & Construction	Commission	Operations
Develop shared understanding	Integrate facility, change & Information technology	Plan commissioning	Communicate operational proposals	Develop strategy plans
Evaluate healthcare delivery options	Optimize capital and operating cost		Train staff	Match resources to patient demand
Thorough	Evaluate layout			
planning brief	options			



Over 20 years experience:

- Simulation Modelling
- Data Analytics
- System Optimisation
- Major industries
- Health
- Mining
- Transport and Logistics
- Defence









Typical Major projects

- Project parameters:
 - Capital cost in Billions US\$
 - Years to develop infrastructure
 - Optimise the system to deliver commodity
- Purpose of predictive analytics and computer simulation studies:
 - Enable robust decision-making for the project
 - Optimise the system
- Study:
 - In collaboration with stakeholders
 - Consider multiple scenarios
 - Run model 10,000s times to optimise system
 - Ongoing use of model with operational data and further development of system as it is developed and upgraded





Bendigo Hospital Development

- \$1.1 bn Net present cost
- Scope
 - 372 inpatient beds
 - 72 same-day beds
 - 80-bed psychiatric inpatient unit
 - 11 new operating theatres



 Study of impact of communications technology in ED in conjunction with Cisco Systems







Importance of communications

• Communications are critical in using staff time and risk management.

Source: The way clinicians interact in EDs Johanna Westbrook Centre for Health Systems and Safety Research

 Inadequate communications are associated with preventable problems and adverse events in ED.

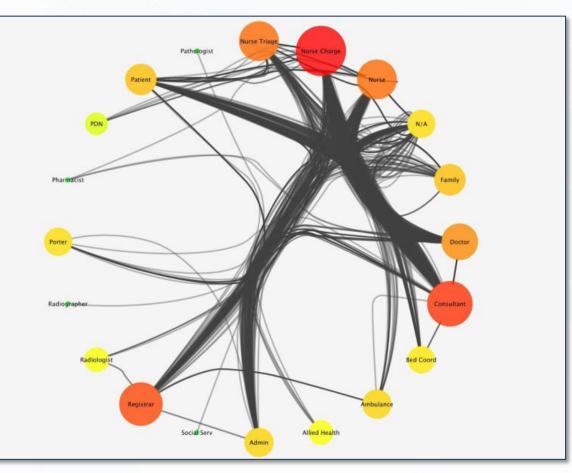
Source: Communication loads on clinical staff in the emergency department Enrico W Coiera, Rohan A Jayasuriya, Jennifer Hardy, Aiveen Bannan and Max E C Thorpe MJA Vol 176 6 May 2002





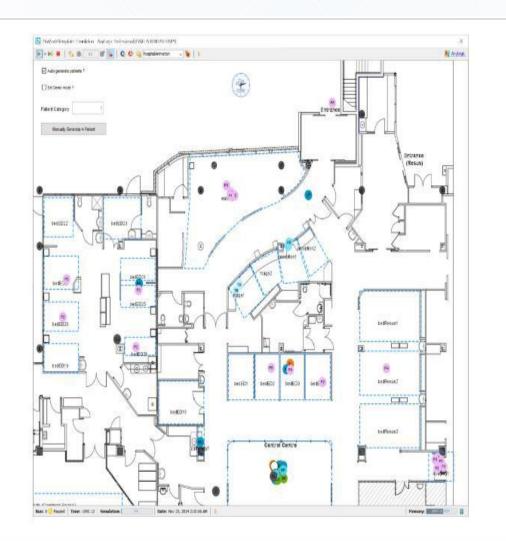
Communications survey

- 95 hours of data
- Data on number of interactions and duration

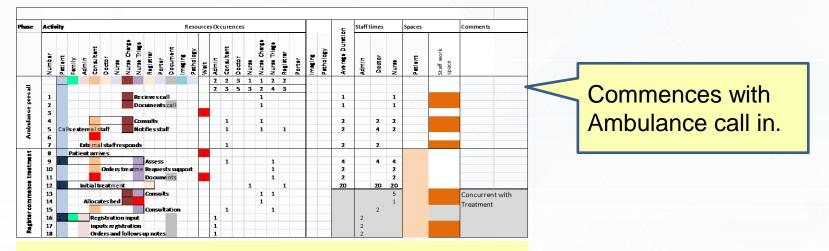




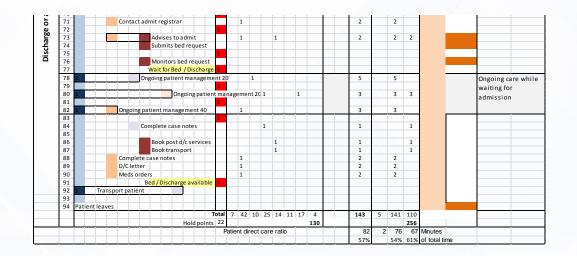
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Break in chart



Resuscitation /Emergency patients with 130 actions, 143 minutes and 256 minutes of staff resources



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Typical Metrics

Target times

- NEAT performance
- Target time to medical assessment by category

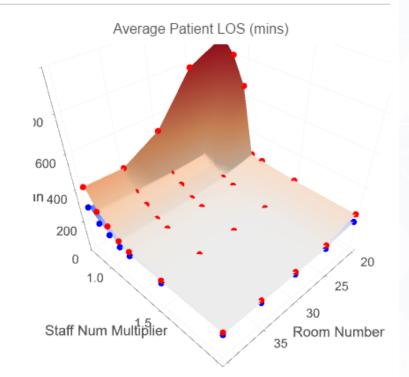
Utilisation

- Staff
- Facilities
- Major equipment

Analysis of above by:

- Patient type
- Shift time
- Arrival time (Morning, Afternoon)

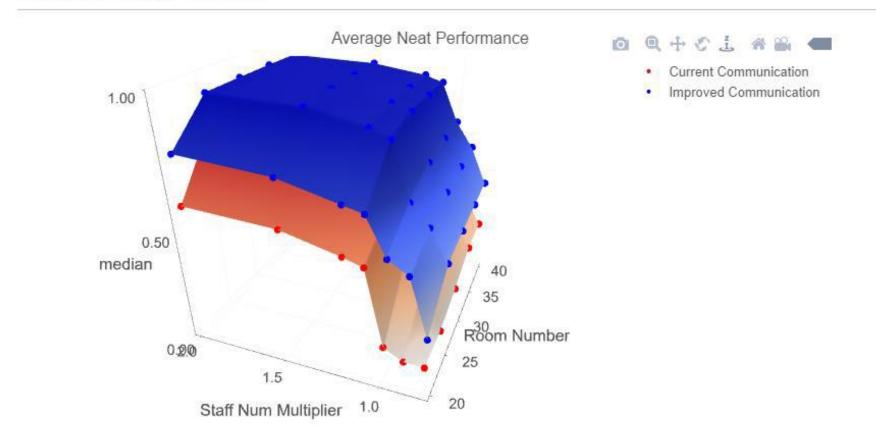
Data from multiple runs can be summarised in response surfaces.







NEAT Performance



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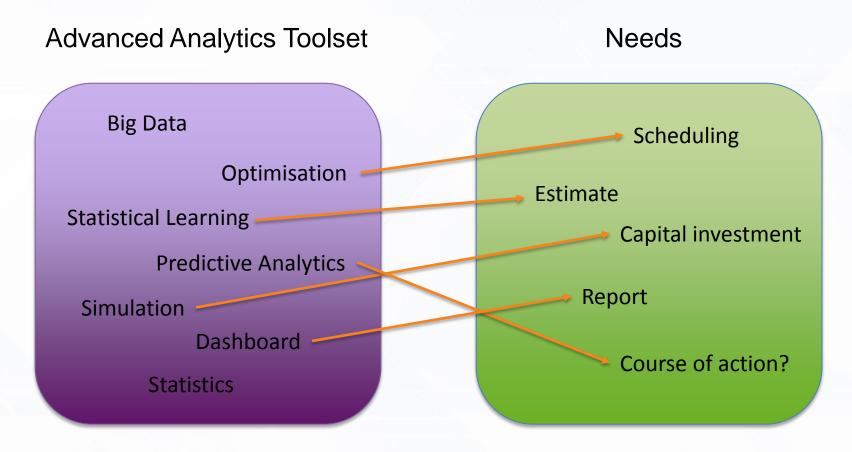








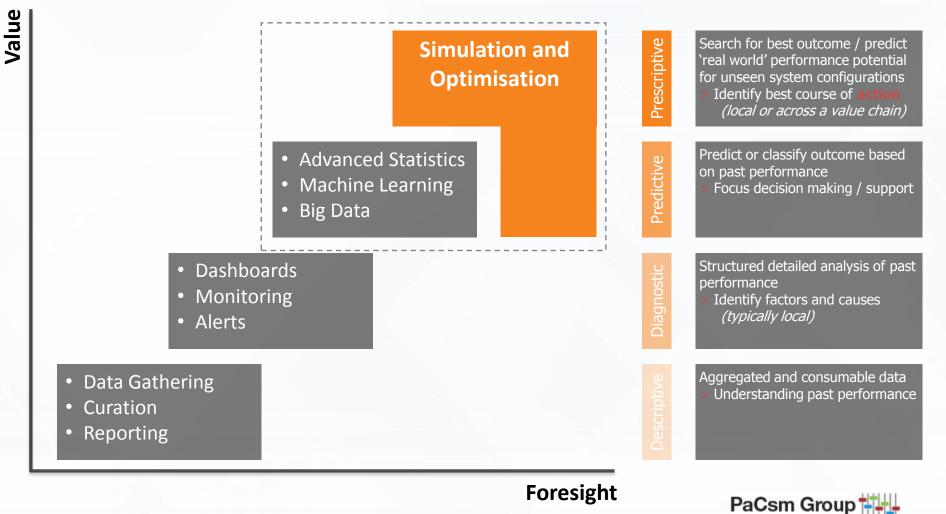
Analytics Solutions Space











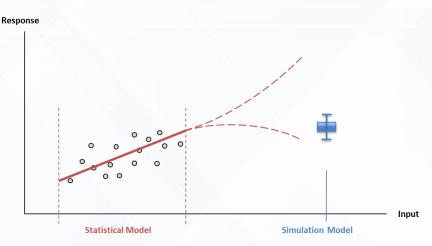


Unique Simulation Benefits

Identifying small gains



Predicting Future Performance

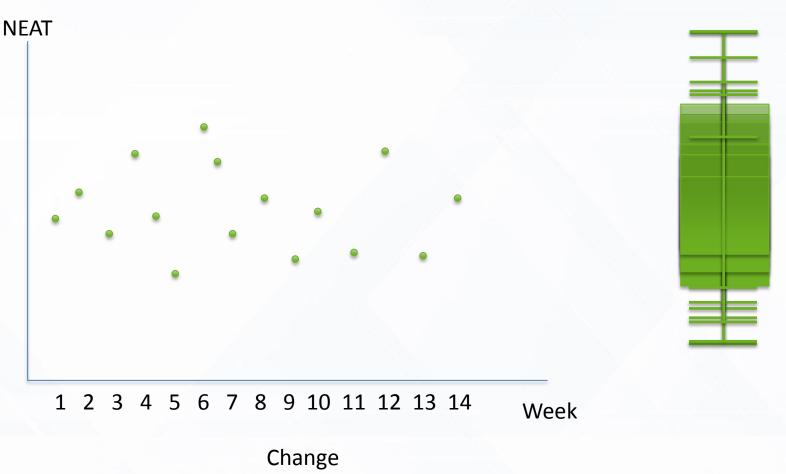




BACKGROUND NOISE



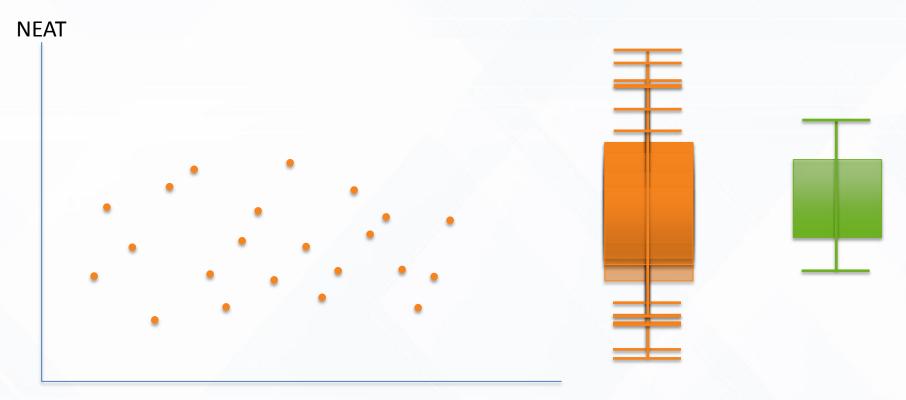
Signal vs Noise







Signal vs Noise



Week





Signal vs Noise

Arrivals

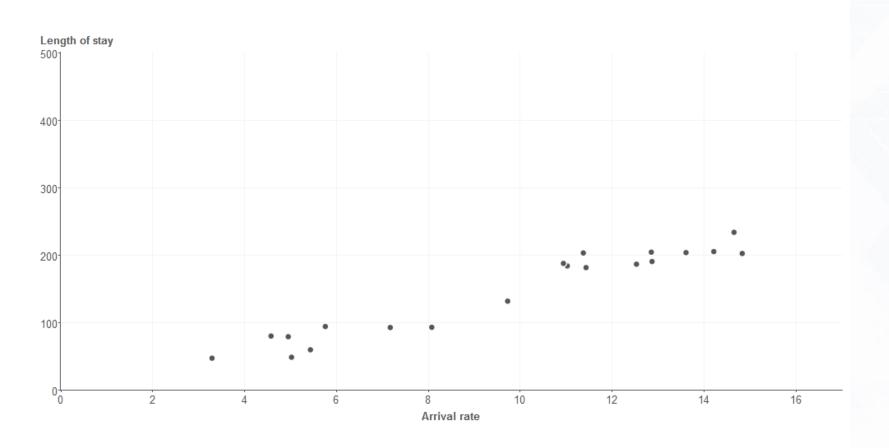






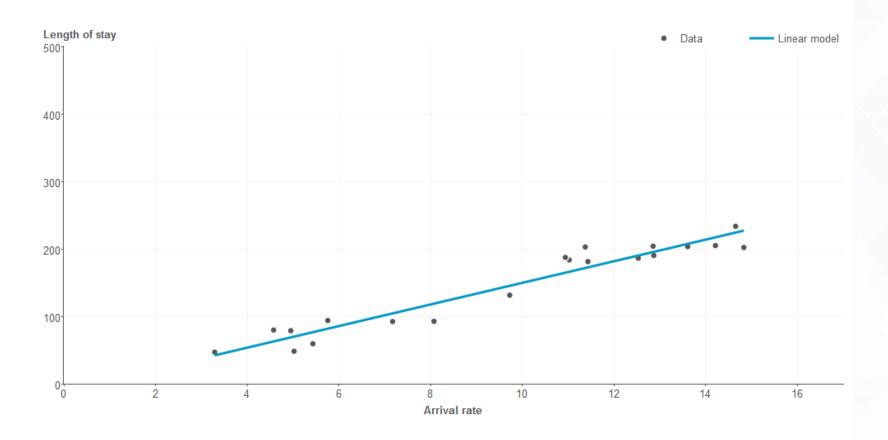






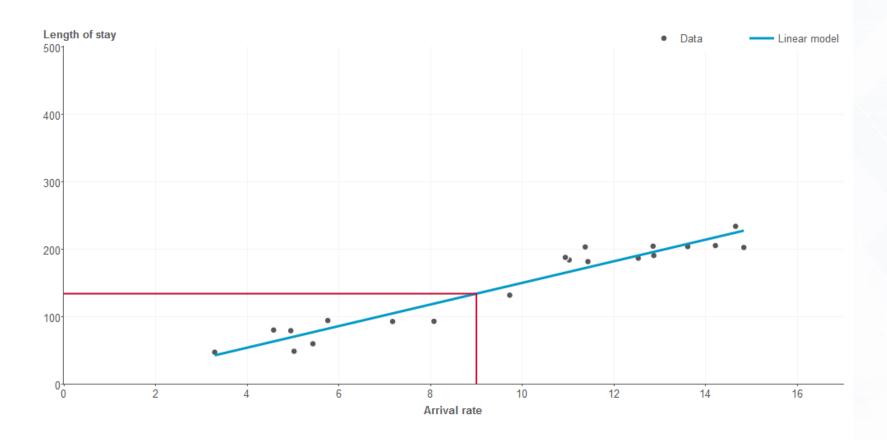








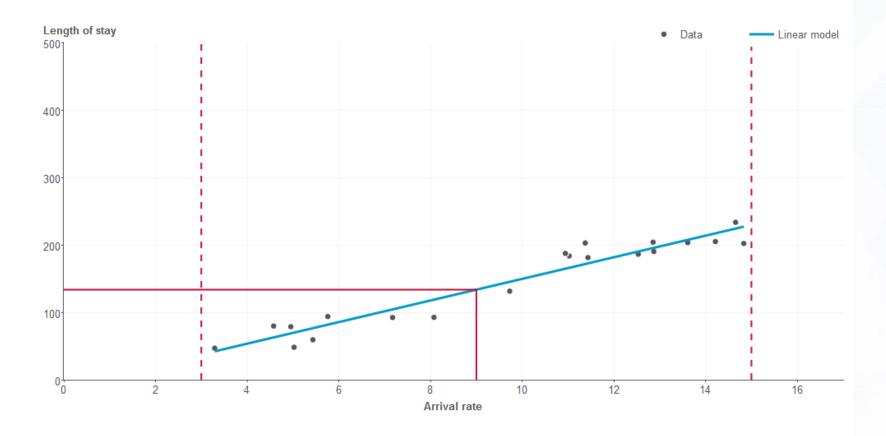






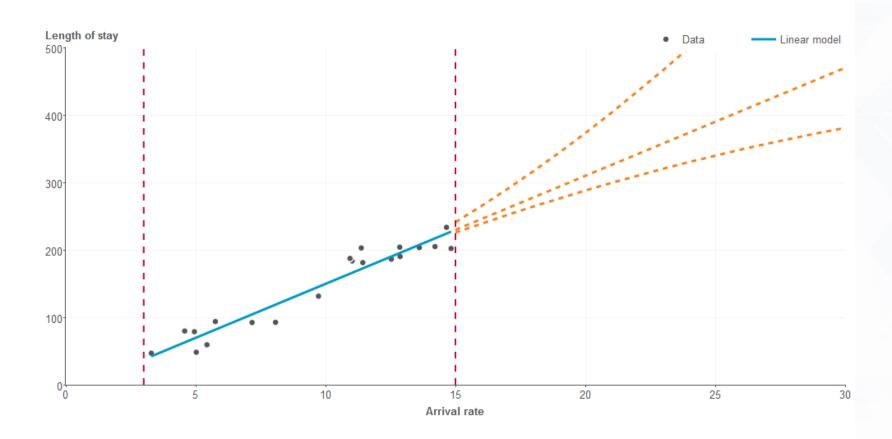


Prediction Horizon



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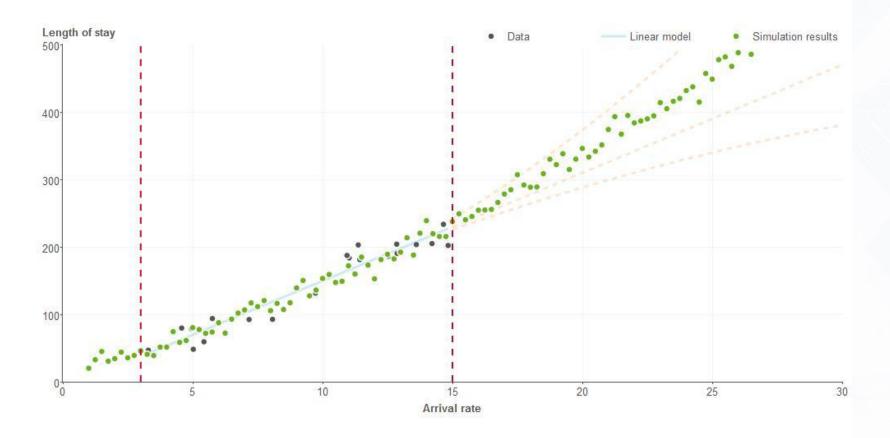








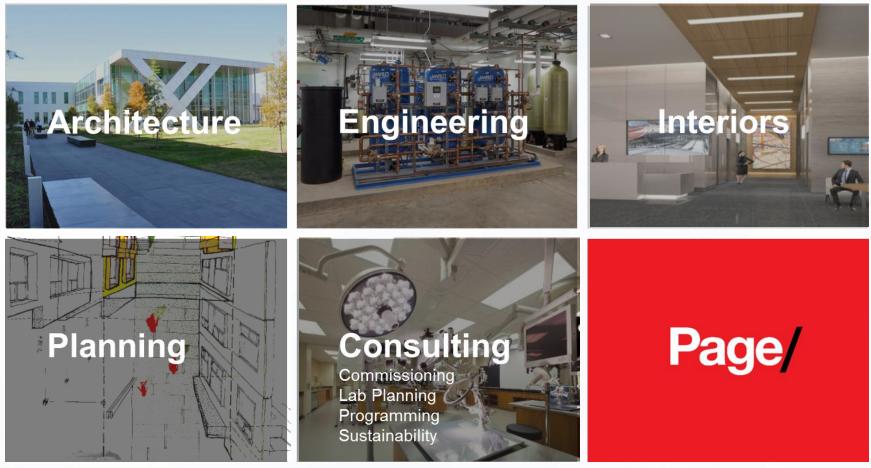
Prediction Horizon



PaCsm Group



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Page is: a 450-plus-person architecture and engineering firm that works in the U.S. and abroad.

/ashington DC

London







Page/ More than 10,000 Healthcare Projects Completed





- Predictive Analytics
- a design methodology,
- not a technology application.









MGMA DataDive

Cost and Revenue: 2013 Report Based on 2012 Data

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1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
	Internal	Medicine	Metrics,	2013 R	eport					
Metric Description	Metric Statistic									
	Count	Mean	Std Dev	10th %tile	25th %tile	Median	75th %tile	90th %tile		
Metric, per Patient										
Total provider cost	12	\$215.62	\$86.37	\$79.91	\$132.86	\$246.12	\$280.67	\$324.07		
Total physician cost	20	\$131.80	\$63.98	\$68.73	\$73.36	\$114.87	\$202.73	\$229.62		
Registered Nurses	12	1.78	1.12	.56	.80	1.50	2.69	3.73		
Licensed Practical Nurses	15	2.85	2.47	.41	.74	2.22	4.84	7.19		
Med assistants, nurse aides	18	6.30	2.91	2.18	3.85	5.89	8.70	10.66		
Total clinical support staff	22	\$37.78	\$24.20	\$11.95	\$17.81	\$32.60	\$54.95	\$69.00		
Metric, per Square Foot										
Total provider cost	15	\$136.97	\$36.74	\$88.94	\$110.52	\$125.72	\$172.01	\$193.83		
Patients	12	.90	.42	.38	.53	.84	1.23	1.60		
Metric, per FTE Physician			•	-	-	•	-	•		
Total provider cost	78	\$336,386	\$97,615	\$229,084	\$268,725	\$318,821	\$388,429	\$497,208		
Total physician cost	158	\$269,636	\$84,999	\$182,766	\$220,752	\$254,691	\$298,296	\$376,805		
Patients	20	2,375	1,049	1,284	1,577	1,779	3,534	3,801		
Metric, per FTE Provider		-	·	-			·			
Patients	12	1,118	677	642	725	950	1,252	2,599		
Square feet	18	1,642	747	447	1,117	1,607	2,230	2,837		



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Performance Dashboard

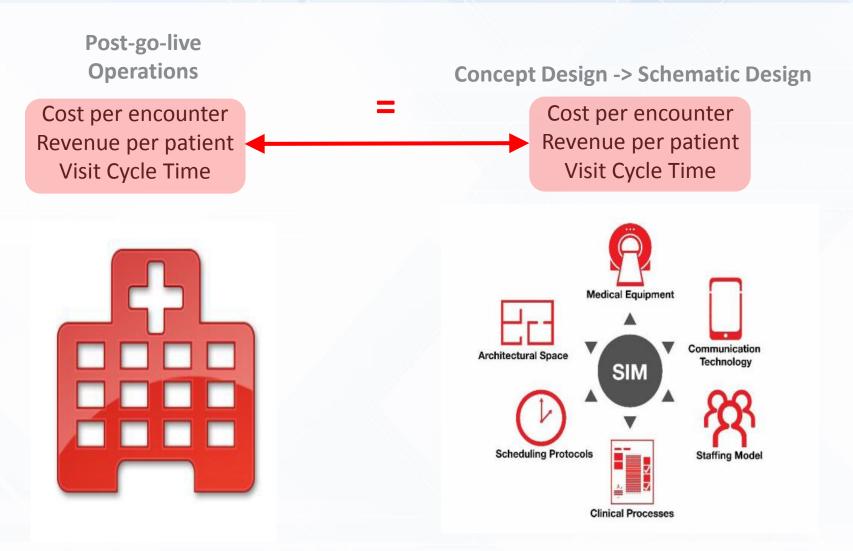
Compares our client's current state performance against their peers in the industry.

We set future state targets that become "true north" for the remainder of the project.







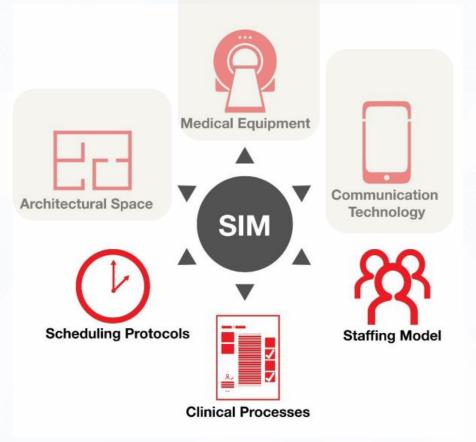






Simulation

Allows the design team to weigh the benefits of **first cost** capital investments ...





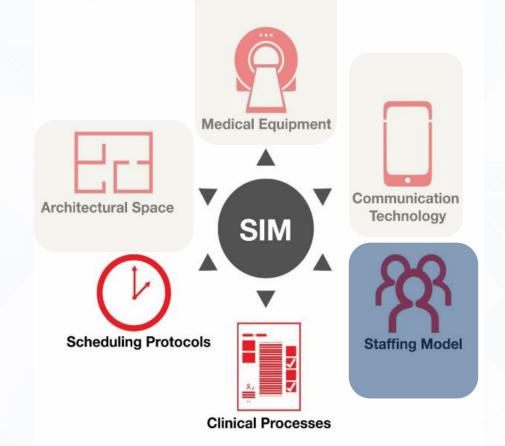
Predictive Analytics



Simulation

Allows the design team to weigh the benefits of **first cost** capital investments ...

with the benefits of **operational cost** reduction strategies ...





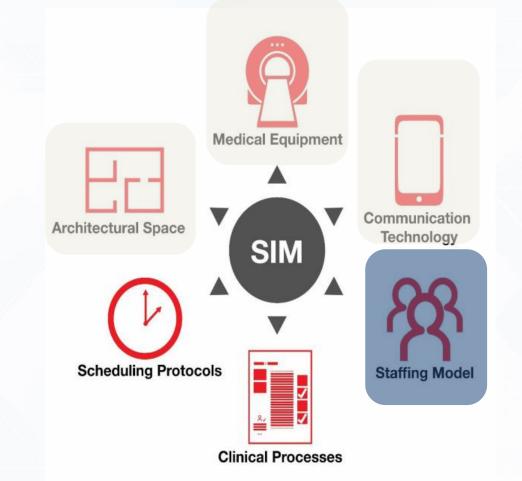


Computer Simulation

Allows the design team to weigh the benefits of **first cost** capital investments ...

with the benefits of operational cost reduction strategies ...

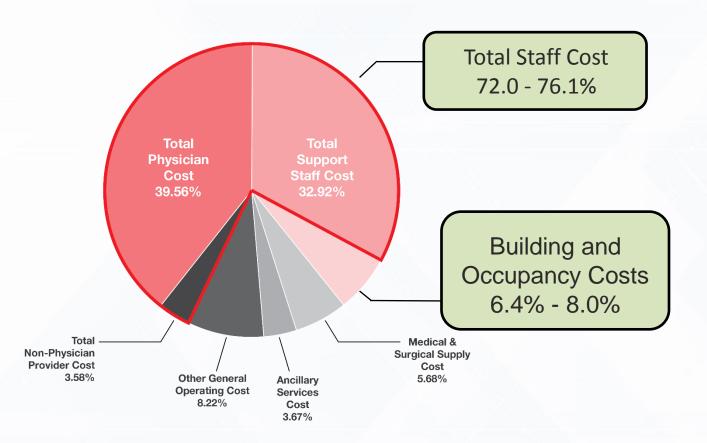
to find an **optimal balance** between the two.







Facility Life Cycle Costs







University Health System Robert B. Green Campus Clinic San Antonio, Texas 4th Floor





Overview

Simulate the Family Health Center.

Approximately one half of a 44,000 SF floor plate.





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Clinical Care Process Definitions

Every step of every clinical process that is a part of each patient type's care plan is defined.

A department averages 20 to 30 processes, or 200 to 400 individual steps.

A clinic with 8 service lines would have between 500 and 800 individual steps.

Step	Staff Type	Physical Location		Action	Duration (minutes)		
		Start	Stop		Low	Mean	High
1		Vestibule	Main Reception	Travel		(1)	
2	Recp_LR1	Main Reception	Main Reception	Receive directions to appropriate Reception / Check location.		1.0	
3		Main Reception	Reception / Check Out - LR2	Travel		(1)	
4	Recp_LR2	Reception / Check Out - LR2	Reception / Check Out - LR2	Complete registration forms, make payment.		5.0	
5		Reception / Check Out - LR2	Waiting - LRS3	Travel		(1)	
6		Waiting - LRS3	Waiting - LRS3	Wait for procedure room to become available.		(1)	
7	Nurse	Waiting - LRS3	Pre CT (1-2)	Travel		(1)	
8	Nurse	Pre CT (1-2)	Pre CT (1-2)	Prep for procedure.		15.0	
9	Nurse	Pre CT (1-2)	CT 1	Travel		(1)	
10	Nurse	СТ1	ст 1	Patient reports to procedure room 30 minutes prior to the start of the procedure.		30.0	
11	Dr_CT	CT 1	CT 1	Procedure.		20.0	
12		CT 1	Holding (1-3)	Travel		(1)	
13	Ckout_LR3	Holding (1-3)	Holding (1-3)	Post procedure care.		15.0	
14		Holding (1-3)	Reception / Check Out - LRC3	Travel		(1)	
15		Reception / Check Out - LRC3	Vestibule	Travel and Exit		(1)	



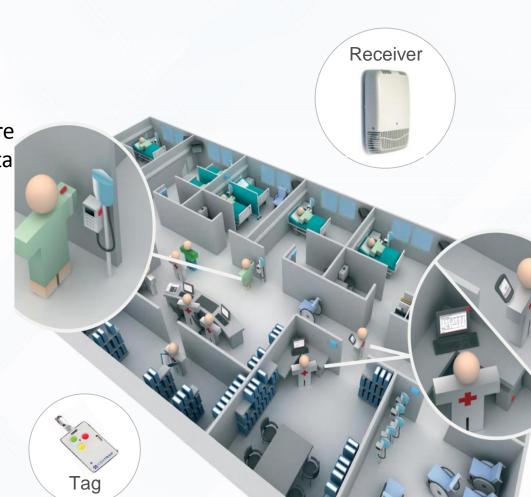
Input: Automated Tracking

Use ultrasound technology to capture real time current state clinic visit data

Manual methods, as were tested on the Med/Med clinic, were judged to be ineffective.









Database

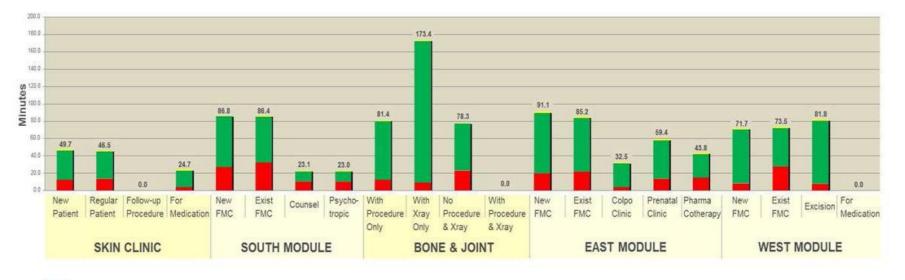
Store the streaming data coming from each Tag every 3 seconds into a commadelimited log file. 2010,3,8,0,0,30,593,11779,0.0.0.0,0,0,0.1,0,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,0 2010,3,8,0,0,32,687,11773,HDR-2191,1,7.75799,1,0,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,0 2010,3,8,0,0,32,703,11773,HDR-2292,1,1.08288,1,0,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,0 2010,2,8,0,0,32,703,11773,HDR-2292,1,1.08288,1,0,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,0

2010,3,8		<u>/< HDR_//56 < U / 1/0/// 1 0 0 - 1 -</u>	.,-1,-1,0
2010,3,8		Data Processed	-1,-1,0
2010,3,8	Quantity	Description	-1,-1,0
2010,3,8 2010,3,8	15	Tags active on average	-1,-1,0 L,-1,0
2010,3,8	8	Hours per day	-1,-1,1
2010,3,8	60	Minutes per hour	.,-1,-1,0
2010,3,8	6	10-second intervals per minute	.,-1,-1,0
2010,3,8	22	Days	.,-1,-1,0
2010,3,8	950,400	Rows of data collected	-1,-1,0
2010,3,8	19	Data fields per row	-1,-1,1
2010,3,8	18,057,600	Total number of data points	-1,-1,0
2010,3,8,	0,0,54,780,118	16,HDR-2292,1,0.67393,1,0,0,-1,-1	,-1,-1,0
2010,3,8,	0,0,54,812,118	05,HDR-2255,1,3.63336,1,0,0,-1,-1	,-1,-1,1
2010.3.8.	0.1.1.484.1181	2.HDR-2261.1.5.36469.1.0.011	11.0

2010,3,8,0,1,1,484,11812,HDR-2201,1,5.30409,1,0,0,-1,-1,-1,-1,0







Clinical Visit Time

Waiting in Waiting Room Time

Travel Time



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Evaluate Spatial Design

Use the captured current state data to drive the simulation of the new clinic.

Floor plan of the Family Medicine portion of the 4th floor

36 exam rooms are available.

Skin Clinic and Bone & Joint Clinic will not be housed in this space, as originally thought.







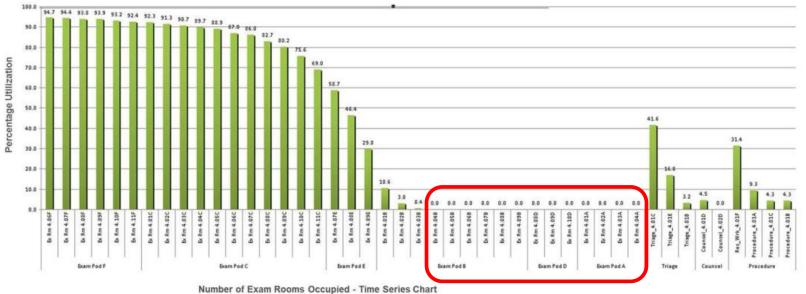
PaCsm Group

Base Case Results - Average Volume

Simulate "average" patient volumes in new clinic.

Utilization of Exam Rooms

SD design has adequate capacity.





Base Case Results – Peak Volume

Utilization of Exam Rooms

Simulate "peak" patient volumes in new CSB.

SD design has 25% greater capacity than is required to support the 3 clinics.



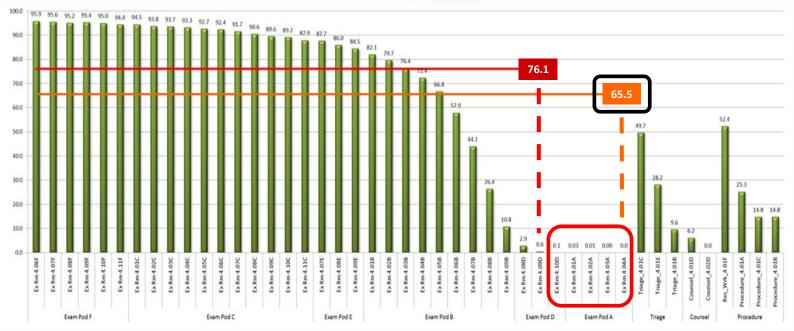
Number of Exam Rooms Occupied - Time Series Chart





5C Results - Peak Volume, +10%

Simulation results for "peak" patient volumes for the original 3 clinics, plus the Skin and Bone & Joint clinics, with 10% growth in all 5 clinics. The design has adequate capacity.



PaCsm Group



University Health System Robert B. Green Campus Clinic San Antonio, Texas 5th Floor



PaCsm Group

Saved \$623,000 in construction cost.

Successive efforts at better defining processes and their durations allowed simulation to demonstrate that all three services could fit on a single floor, with spare capacity in the fitted out space, and with 3,277 SF converted to shell space

ASC Shell Space

OMS, ENDO and ENT initially requested more space than would fit on a single floor.

Predictive analytics & simulation to improve healthcare infrastructure performance

SHELL SPACE - 3,277 SF

CONFERENCE CENTER - 1,666 SF











Performance Dashboard

Compares our client's current state performance against their peers in the industry.

Medical Group Management Association database

MedProvider Objective: Reduce the total operational expense per physician per year by at least \$5,000 in order to make the move to a new facility attractive.



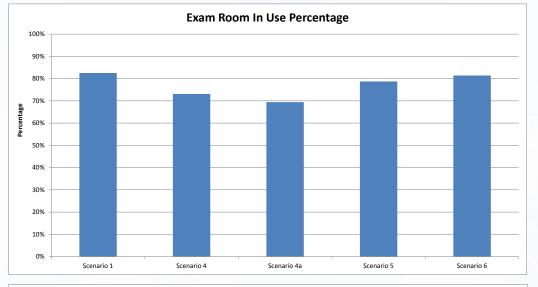


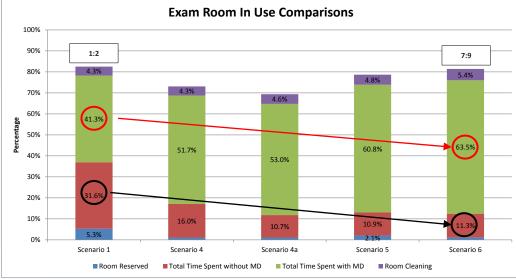
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Sensitivity Analysis: Exam Room in Use

Increased value added time in the exam room by 49% (41% to 64%)

Decreased patient waiting in the exam room by 66% (32% to 11%)





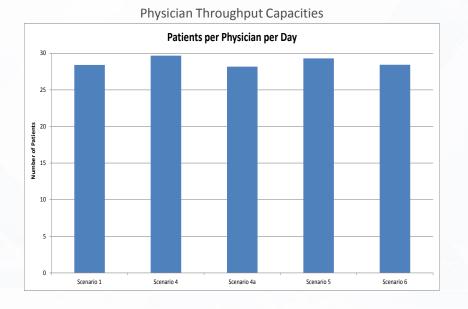


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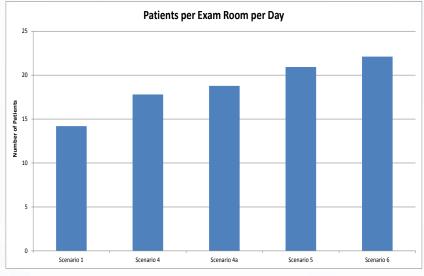
Sensitivity Analysis: Throughput

The number of patients seen per exam room increases by 56%, which increases the revenue per SF and the overall profitability of the clinic.

Scenario	Scenario The simulation model consists of:		Patients per physician/day	Patients per exam room /day			
Scenario 1	10 Physicians, 20 Exam Rooms	284	28.4	14.2			
Scenario 4	9 Physicians, 15 Exam and 5 Triage Rooms	267	29.7	17.8			
Scenario 4a	6 Physicians, 9 Exam and 3 Triage Rooms	169	28.2	18.8			
Scenario 5	10 Physicians, 14 Exam and 5 Triage Rooms	293	29.3	20.9			
Scenario 6	7 Physicians, 9 Exam and 3 Triage Rooms	199	28.4	22.1			



Exam Room Throughput Capacities





MedProvider Lease Option Analysis

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Recommendations

Resulting annual savings per physician:

33 Physicians: \$16,351 per physician/year \$540,000 for the practice/year and 50 Physicians: \$19,964 per physician/year

\$998,000 for the practice/year.

Reduced Check-in/out FTE's.

Eliminated private offices.

Improved physician to exam room ratio.

Issue Date: August 9, 2012	New Gaston	Avenue MOB	New Gaston	Avenue MOB	Existing Swiss Avenue MOB
		pace Plan		pace Plan	Current Space Plan
	Initial	Future	Initial	Future	Current
Lease Term (Yrs)	15	15	15	15	
Total Space Lease Premises (RSF)	38,700	49,600	48,000	61,700	50,474
Ancillary Space Lease Premises (RSF)	14,000	14,000	14,000	14,000	12,233
Clinical Space Lease Premises (RSF)	24,700	35,600	34,000	47,700	38,241
NNN Rental Rate (\$/RSF)	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$22.00	\$24.57
Building and Occupancy Operating Expenses (\$/RSF	-	\$10.50	\$10.50	\$10.50	\$8.57
Gross Rent (\$/RSF)	\$32.50	\$32.50	\$32.50	\$32.50	\$33.14
Full Service Rent (\$)	\$802,750	\$1,157,000	\$1,105,000	\$1,550,250	\$1,267,292
Physicians (#)	33	50	33	50	33
Clinical Space Plan Efficiency (SF/Physician)	748	712	1,030	954	1,159
Clinical Space Unit Rent (Annual \$/Physician)	\$24,326	\$23,140	\$33,485	\$31,005	\$38,403
Clinical Space Unit Rent (Monthly \$/Physician)	\$2,027	\$1,928	\$2,790	\$2,584	\$3,200
New MOB vs Existing MOB (SF/Physician)	35%	39%	11%	18%	
New MOB vs Existing MOB (\$/Physician)	37%	40%	13%	19%	





Kenner Army Health Clinic Fort Lee, Virginia

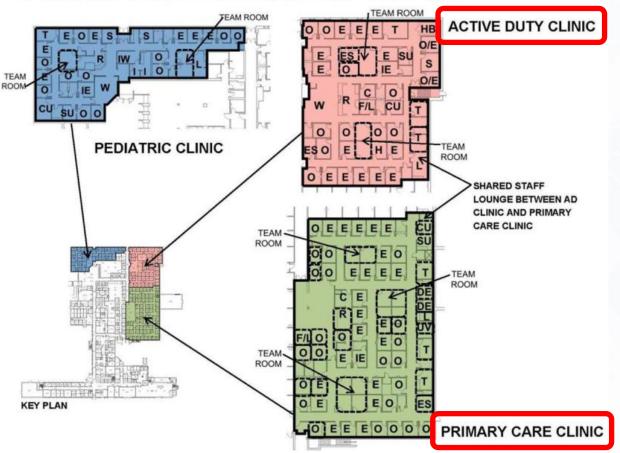




Kenner Army Health Clinic

Simulation Pilot for the US Army.

Scope of work: Active Duty Clinic, Primary Care Clinic.







Version 29-JUL

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Data Collection: Manual Tracking

Use manual forms that providers complete to track the patient journey through the clinic.

Form Region overview: areas 1 through 5.

Provides more detail and process definition than does AHLTA.

011			
Scheduled Appoli	ntment: Date:] Time:	
Room / Staff	ADC - Patient Process Tracking	by Step	Patient Type
Legend Room Name Room	joomplete each row in sequence - no skippe Stop Room Time in:	Time out;	No. [Chik.] Patient/dat S
Room Name Room Code	Stop Room Time In: No. Code	THE OUL	Box Type
Frat lass	1 FD		Active Duty Clinic
Walty Tom WR.A			1 Autocan s
WR-LA			2 Genetap %
Walting Room WR - RA			3 ****** *
Vieting Plants			4 Patriciang %
Non-parties 1			: 2
- 10 A			
Rolen			, ,
Alam E			8
0400 110			a has fightle a
Addregy A			10 Farme Republic %
Interior Bit-AD			11 Andarite %
140 1.0			12 Herotogy %
Reducer RA			10 Maria-Seits 9
Planay PH			14 Neurologia S
ADCPOHON PROV			15 Petitens %
ACC16/MAY			10000
Assistery 242	1		10 General N (7 Provelume N
			19 Preseitan 9 N Abiobalia 1
			20 Otor 1
	Patient Type Cha. PatientViait Cha. P	attentValt	21 Rolas medi - %
	No. Dox Type % No. Box	Туре %	20 "sewging" %
	Rebarined Health - Prochastic		25 Hearty Sum A
	1 Musil-Major % 0 Pa	alaran Alaan / B	Behavioral Health - Social
	2 40ary-930 5	olarar S	t Last of Social St.
	3 44442-000 8 2 44	aterbular N	2 Occupational %
	4 1000 1000 1	Offer Inside Easter)	3 Patar-Reaking %
	5 Name - GRO - 14		4 Courte linear %





ADC - PATIENT VISIT TIME FOR PROVIDERS PATIENTS ONLY

2.a. New layout without using spare capacity of 5 Specialty Exam Rooms and 3 Treatment Rooms. Number of patient care rooms does not increase, but the workload in them does; screening is now performed there, too. Shared offices not available for consults. **Degrades performance by** - **1.3 min. or -4.3%**. Effective use of, and physical adjacency to Providers' other rooms, is paramount.

3.a. Layout change + 2:1 Screener to Provider ratio. Improves performance by 1.4 min. or 4.7%.

4.a. Layout change + 2:1 Screener to Provider ratio + 5% Screener and Provider efficiency. Improves performance by 3.6 min. or 12.0%.

5.a. Layout change + 2:1 Screener to Provider ratio + 5% Screener and Provider efficiency + use of Treatment Rooms for backed up exams. Improves performance by 5.7 min. or 18.9%.

6.a. Layout change + 2:1 Screener to Provider ratio + 5% Screener and Provider efficiency + use of Treatment Rooms and 5 Specialty Exam Rooms for backed-up exams. Improves performance by 7.8 min. or 25.9%.



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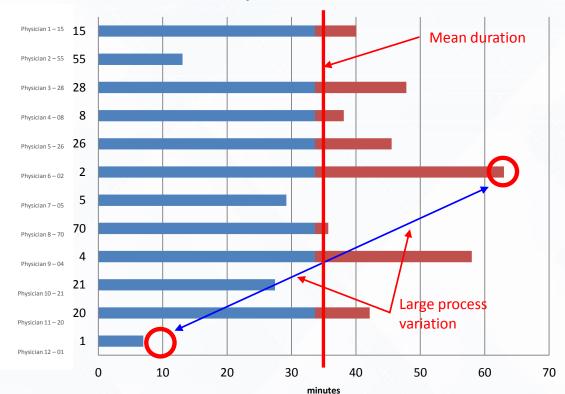
Visit Cycle Times by Provider

Data collection just completed.

Process improvement opportunities can lead to reduced spatial demands.

Clients now want process analysis and improvement first, then want to discuss architecture.

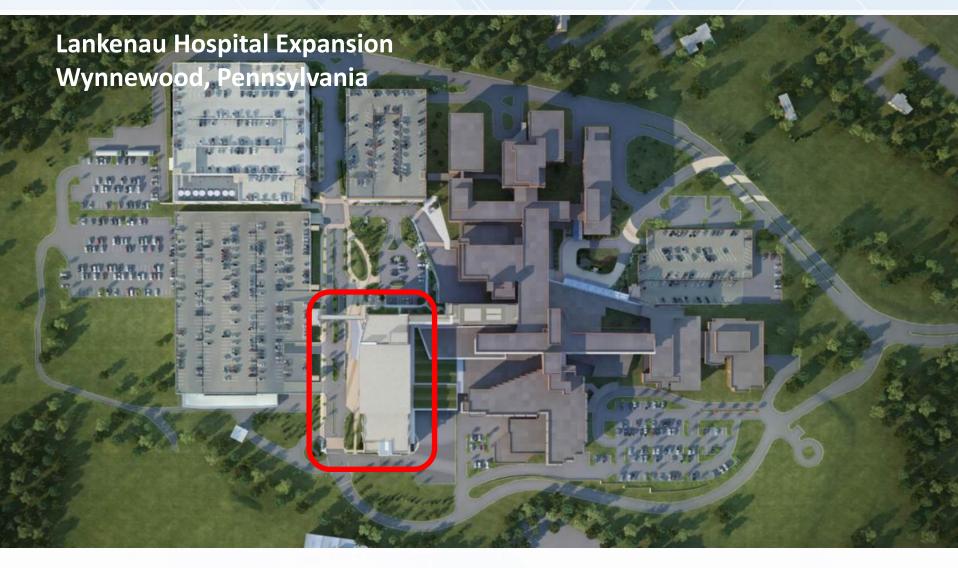
• Critique of traditional design process



ADC / Physical Exam - 255











Lankenau Hospital Expansion

Service: Simulate non-invasive cardiac care delivery process.

Objective: Identify inadequate or excessive space in program .

Take-away: Increased the number of Echo rooms by 50% and increased the number of holding bays by 67% to accommodate projected volumes and to keep office hours between 8:00 AM and 5:00 PM without overtime.

Avoided \$450,000 renovation



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Simulation Results

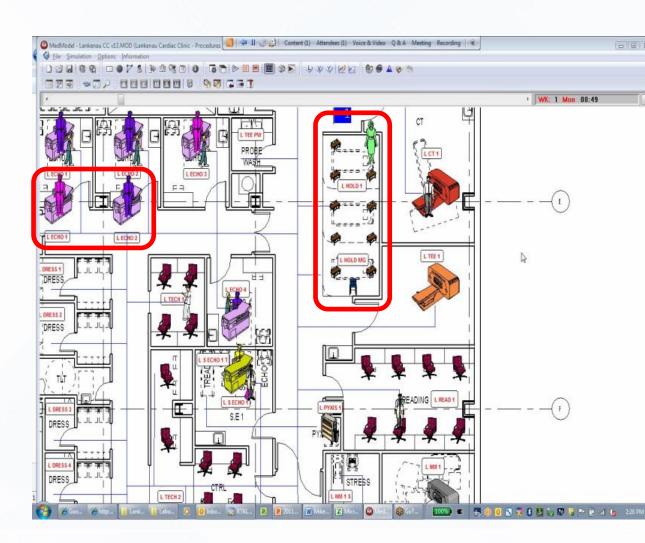
Original Design

Takes 12 hours to process patients instead of the 8 that was desired.

Final Design

Takes 8 hours to process patients.

The design team had to - add 2 Echo Rooms - add 2 Holding Bays to achieve these results.





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Research – Traditional vs. PACT Clinic Design



THE REAL THE TAL

VA Reno



HI.TE TECHNOLOGY & ENGINEERING CONFERENCE

VA Austin Clinic

Clinic Design and **Operations Research**

VA traditional clinic layout.



VERTICAL	TRANSPORTATION	STAFF CO	INFERENCING AREAS
VRT-STA			- Conference/ classroom
VRT-ELE	- Elevator		- Conference room
			- Team area- PACT education progra
CIRCULAT	TION SPACE		
. CIR-PAT	- Inside PACT module - patient		EE PERSONAL SPACE
	- Patient access to PACT module		- Break room, lounge
	- Inside PACT module - staff	EMP-CKR	- Lociora
	< Staff ONLY zone	HOUSEK	EEPING SPACE
CIR-ELE	- Elevator lobby		- Housekeeping
	- Lobby		
CIR-GEN	General	SUPPORT	SERVICES SPACE
		SUP-ELE	- Electrical
RECEPTIO		SUP-TEL	- Signal (Telecommunication room, IT
	- Reception		
REC-KIO	- Check-in kiosk	STORAG	
WAITING	POACE		- Alcove - crash cart
WATE-GEN		STO-MED	 Storage- nurse medication room Stretcher
WTG-GEN WTG-FAM			 Stretcher Equipment, forms, literature
	 Family Treatment, sub-waiting 	STO-GEN STO-LIN	 Equipment, ronns, interature Linen
_		STO-EQP	- Equipment
PATIENT	CARE SPACE		
PTC-EXM	- Exam PACT module	UTILITY	
	- Women's health	UTL-CLN	- Clean
PTC-OFF	- Exam/Office	UTL-SLD	- Soiled
PTC-PRC	- Procedure/Treatment room	New York Cold Top II	
PTC-TRG		TOILET	
PTC-HWA	- Alcove - scale/height/weight screening	TLT-FEM	- Female
PIC-CNI	- Consulation - individual	TLT-MAL	- Male
PTC-CNG	- Consultation - PACT group dismapy	TLT-PRC	- Triustroent
	shared appointment	TLT-WOM	- Womarva health exam
		TLT-STF	- Staff
	STAFF OFFICES	TLT-PTC	- Policet
	- Physician		
OFF-NUR			
	 Social worker Doctor of pharmacy 		
	- Mental health		
OFF-DIC	- Mental riestri		
en en	Dimitali		
CLINICAL	STAFF WORK AREAS		
WRK-NUR	Nume		
WRK-DFF			
	- Documentation - provider, RN, LPN, clark		
ADMINIST	RATIVE STAFF OFFICES		
	wAA support		
	- Ctrical manaber		
	- Communication coordinator		
	- Health promotion and despase prevention		
ASO MSA	 Medical support assistant 		
ASO PRG	 Program manager 		
ASO-HPC	- Huspice and pallative care		
	- Patient education, My Health-E Vet		
	 Women's health program manager Open workstation 		
PI3014,014	- Masu weakerstrout		
_			
10'	20' 40'		



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Clinic Design and Operations Research

VA new PACT model (Patient Aligned Care Team).



VA Reno	Clinic
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Simulation Projects

Medical/Surgical Floor Surgical Suite Central Pharmacy Materials Management Vertical Transportation Food Court

Dr. John Warner Dr. Bruce Meyer Ms. Becky McCulley



UT Southwestern Medical Center







Med/Surg 64 beds per floor. 16 beds per unit. 4:1 staffing ratio. Reduce travel time. Reduce travel distance. Increase nursing contact with the patient.





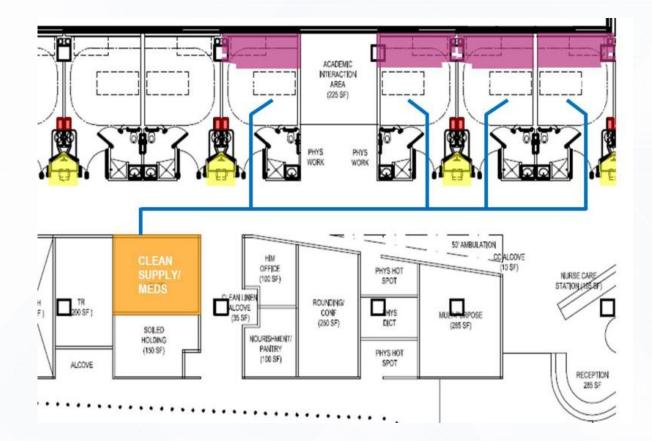
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Med/Surg

What level of decentralization is most efficient for: -nursing staff -techs/patient care supplies -techs/linen -techs/pharmacy

Nurses planned to use 56 clinical interventions to care for the patients

Many of these involved trips to the Clean Supply/Meds rooms







Med/Surg

Nurse server

One per patient room

Opens to hall, not to patient room

Eliminated 21,900 hours per year of nonvalue-added nursing walking time







BAYLOR REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER OR SUITE PLANO, TX





Baylor OR Suite

Service: Simulate the existing OR suite of 12 rooms.

Objective: Identify throughput constraints and determine if 1,500 new ortho cases, 300 new spine cases, and 6% annual organic growth can be accommodated without any additional ORs.







Analysis of Every Case in Every OR

Optimize each room's use based on size and equipment.

Histogram of OR 7 Current State-Cases to Be

15

		Procedure							
Туре	No.	Name	Average	Count	Total			Instru	
by Frequenc	,		Duration		Duration	N	т	men Sets	
	1	ARTHROPLASTY, TOTAL KNEE	2.52	68	171.6				
	2	ARTHROSCOPY, KNEE, W/WO MENISCECTOMY/MENISCAL REPAIR/TRANSPLANT	1.14	37	42.1				
	3	SPINAL FUSION, LUMBAR, POST. INTERBODY, W/WO LAMINECTOMY/DISKECTOMY/GRAFT/INT. FIX.	5.78	23	133.0				
Cases Occurring More Than Once per	4	SPINAL FUSION, CERVICAL, ANT. INTERBODY, W/WO DISKECTOMY/GRAFT/INT. FIX.	3.27	22	72.0				
	5	ARTHROSCOPY,SHOULDER,W/WO ACROMIOPLASTY/EXC.DISTAL CLAV./ROTATOR CUFF REPAIR	2.45	22	53.9				
	e 6	SPINAL FUSION,LUMBAR,ANT.INTERBODY,W/WO DISKECTOMY/GRAFT/INT.FIX	6.28	15	94.2				
Month	7	ARTHROPLASTY, TOTAL HIP	2.68	14	37.6				
	8	ORIF, HIP DISLOCATION W/ACETABULAR WALL/FEMORAL HEAD FX.	1.32	13	17.1			8	
	9	ESWL(LITHOTRIPSY EXTRACORPOREAL SHOCK WAVE)	1.00	12	12.1				
	10	ORIF,ANKLE/FOOT(CALCANEAL/METATARSAL/TALUS/TARSAL/TRIMALLEOLAR/),W/WO GRAFT/FIXATION	1.62	12	19.5				
Repre-	42	Group A	0.60	10	6.0				
sentative Cases for	70	Group B, C, D	1.52	156	236.6				
Cases Occurring	23	Group E, F, G, H	3.08	65	200.2				
Less Than Once per Month	120	Group I , J, K	4.55	12	54.6				
	69	Group L, M, N, O, P	7.28	7	51.0				
		TOTAL, Actual, Per ORIS Data supplied by Jeremiah Johnson		488	1201.5				
Totals		TOTAL, as Represented in Current State Simulation Model		488	1201.2				
		VARIANCE, Actual vs Simulation		0	-0.3				





Baylor Scott & White Medical Center Plano

\$100M Master Plan Expansion







Yuma Regional Medical Center

3-Phase effort:

- Master plan
- Existing ED re-engineering
- New ED design

Simulation sited the ED and reduced annual labor costs by \$100,000 relative to other possible locations.

A ground-breaking RTLS (Real Time Locationbased Service) implementation delivered detailed and highly accurate current-state performance data.



IRAKT CENTER



Yuma RMC Master Plan

The existing 14,000-SF ED was too small for its 76,000 annual visits, so a new ED needed to be designed. The existing ED also created challenges for optimal space utilization and staffing due to wide seasonal fluctuations in volume, caused by the influx of retirees from northern states.





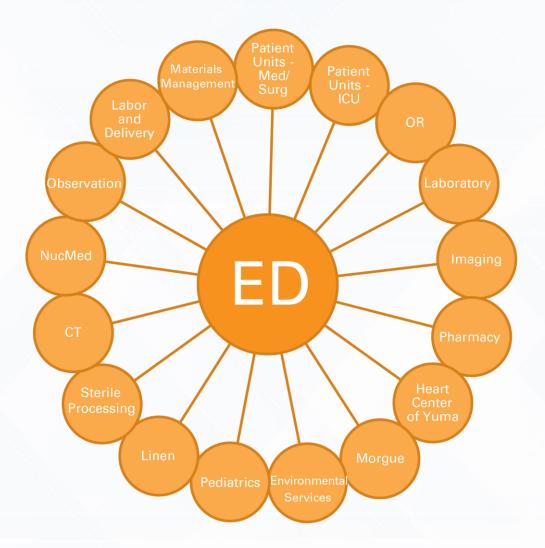


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Transactional Relationships

Use simulation to study the transactional relationships between the ED and 12 departments related to patient care, and 5 departments providing support services.

Optimize location in part based on lowest cost operational expense.





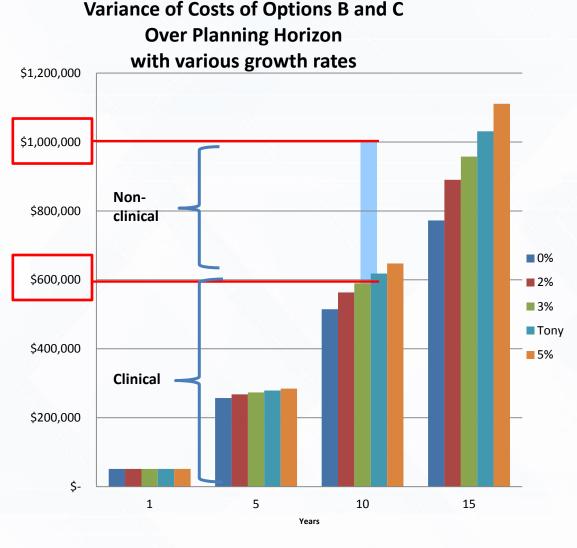


Simulation Results

Variances in annual operating costs between Options B and C.

1, 5, 10, and 15 year intervals.

0%, 2%, 3%, 3.88%/CFO Tony, and 5% annual rates of growth.







Lancaster General Medical Center Lancaster, Pennsylvania

Evaluate multiple operational and spatial planning concepts for the ED's expansion and renovation to determine the optimal solution that supports the expected patient volume growth, while minimizing interim relocations and operational disruptions and also minimizing capital costs.





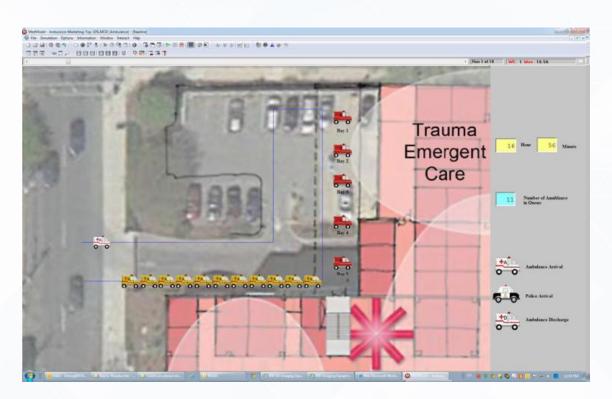


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Simulation Model

Ambulance queuing situation in the late afternoon 10% of the year, when traffic volumes peak, as modeled in the simulation software.

This caused the ED project to be paused while the initial master plan was discarded and an entirely new one developed.











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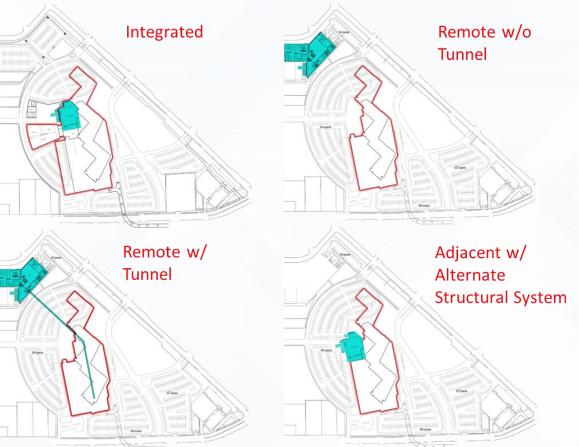
Materials Management -Optimal Location

Integrated – high chassis cost, minimal travel distance.

Remote w/o Tunnel – less expensive chassis, combined with CUP, access difficult.

Remote w/ Tunnel – less expensive chassis, combined with CUP, reasonable access, high tunnel cost.

Adjacent w/ Alternate Structural System – low cost structure, minimal travel distance, best solution.







Materials Management AGV vs. VAC vs. Manual

AGV:

- 7/24 operation
- 99% effectiveness vs. 70% for FTE
- Reduction of 20-40 FTE
- Sensitivity analysis on ROI key variables
- ROI insufficient; AGVs not implemented

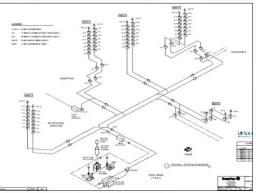
VAC:

 Good ROI, system implemented









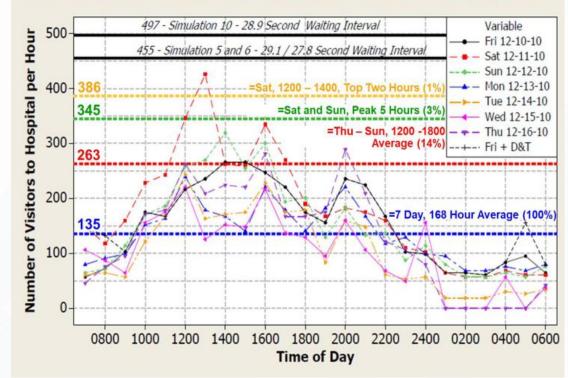


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Visitor Elevators Saved \$3M in construction cost and reduced construction schedule by 1 month.

- 2-hour, 2025 peak (1.2%)
 HR = 29 visitors (6.8%) w/o G
 HR = 71 visitors (16.7%) w G
- 5-hour, 2025 peak (3.0%)
 HR = 69 visitors (17.9%) w/o G HR
 = 111 visitors (28.8%) w G
- 20-hour, 2025 peak (11.9%)
 HR = 110 visitors (31.9%) w/o G
 HR = 152 visitors (44.1%) w G

UT NUH Total Number of Visitors per Hour, Extrapolated from St. Paul ICU & Telemetry Empirical Data







NIBS-DHA Task Order 27

- I. Simulation definition
- II. Task Order 27 deliverables:
 - 1. Industry Current State Overview
 - 2. Why implement simulation
 - 3. Expected benefits
 - 4. Data requirements
 - 5. Time requirements
 - 6. Schedule requirements
 - 7. Costs
 - 8. Facility life cycle management
 - 9. Implementation decision framework

Military Health System

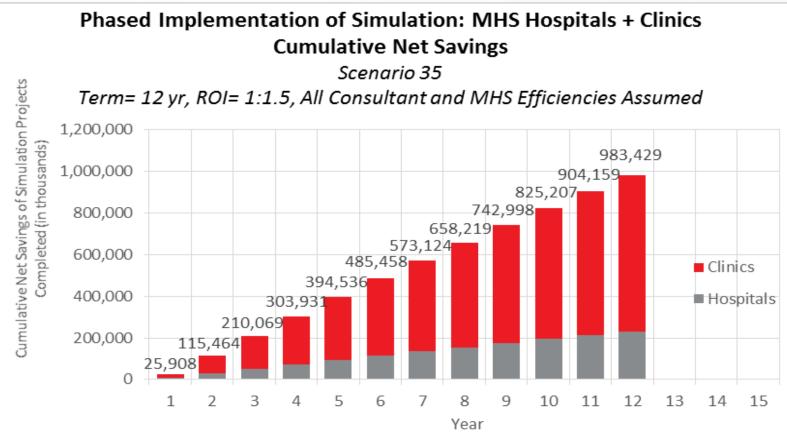
- 56 Hospitals
- 360 Clinics







Simulation Implementation – Scenario 35 – Net Savings

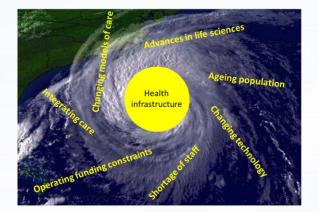




Summary

• When opening this conference in 2016 the Minister noted:

"... we actively look for innovative ideas to optimise design, workflows and improve productivity in our healthcare infrastructure development"



- PaCsm provides a viable method to address the cyclone of issues health faces.
- Best used for planning facility requirements and schematic design.
 - Translating models of care into facility requirements.
 - Considering models of care, capital and operating costs.





Smart Healthcare Infrastructure For All Ages

Thank You



Mr Ian Gibson

Founder Health Care Delivery Modelling Australia <u>ianwgibson1@optusnet.com.au</u> +61-42-3843697

Healthcare Delivery Modelling



Mr Peter Bodon

Principal Bodon Analytics Australia <u>peter@bodonanalytics.com</u> +61-407-048-899



bodon analytics

MOH HOLDINGS



Mr David Morgareidge

Predictive Analytics Director Page Southerland Page, Inc. United States <u>dmorgareidge@pagethink.com</u> +11214-908-4992



